



(For scientific research use only, not for clinical diagnosis!)

Rat phosphoinositide-3-kinase 2α peptide (PIK3C2a)

ELISA kit Instructions for use Product number: BY-

ER339212 Specifications: 48T/96T Detection range:

0.312 ng/mL - 10 ng/mL.

Sensitivity: The lowest detectable dose is less than 0.1 ng/mL.

Precision: intra-batch variation coefficient CV% is less than 10%; inter-batch variation coefficient CV% is less than 15%.

Recovery rate: The recovery rate is between 85%-115%.

Specificity: This kit recognizes native and recombinant rat phosphoinositide-3-kinase 2α peptide (PIK3C2a) and has no crossover with structural analogs. Stability: Stored at 2°C-8°C, validity period is 6 months.

Purpose: Used to detect the concentration of rat phosphoinositide-3-kinase  $2\alpha$  peptide (PIK3C2a) in samples such as serum, plasma, cell culture supernatant, and tissue.

Please read the instructions carefully before use. If you have any questions,

please contact us through the following methods: Official hotline: 025-5229-

8998 Sales department phone: 13914481711 Technical phone: 15950492658

Company website: www.byabscience.cn For the specific shelf life, please

refer to the outer packaging label of the kit. Please use the kit within the

shelf life.

When contacting us, please provide the product number and production date (see box label) so that we can serve you more efficiently.

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This kit uses a double-antibody sandwich enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA). In the microwell microplate pre-coated with anti-rat phosphoinositide-3-kinase  $2\alpha$  peptide (PIK3C2a) antibody (solid-phase antibody), add rat phosphoinositide-3-kinase  $2\alpha$  peptide (PIK3C2a) calibrator and the sample to be tested, then add HRP-labeled anti-rat phosphoinositide-3-kinase  $2\alpha$  peptide (PIK3C2a) antibody (enzyme-labeled antibody), after incubation and sufficient washing, remove unbound components, and place in a microplate A sandwich complex of solid-phase antibody-antigen-enzyme-labeled antibody is formed on the solid surface. Adding substrates A and B, the substrates are catalyzed by HRP to produce a blue product, which is finally converted to yellow under the action of the stop solution (acidic solution). The absorbance (OD value) was measured at a wavelength of 450 nm using a microplate reader. The absorbance (OD value) was positively correlated with the concentration of rat phosphoinositide-3-kinase  $2\alpha$  peptide (PIK3C2a) in the sample to be tested. The concentration of rat phosphoinositide-3-kinase  $2\alpha$  peptide (PIK3C2a) in the sample can be calculated by fitting the calibrator curve.

Experimental schematic diagram



网址: www.byabscience.cn 官方热线: 025-5229-8998 监督电话: 15950492658

## 试剂盒组分与保存 未开封的试剂盒保存在 2-8 度,不得

使用过期试剂盒。

组分	48 孔配置	96 孔配置	开封后储存
预包被酶标板	48T	96T	2-8℃14 天
标准品	0.3mL*6 管	0.3mL*6 管	2-8℃14 天
样本稀释液	3 ml	6 ml	2-8°C180 天
HRP 标记抗体	5 ml	10 ml	2-8℃14 天
显色底物 A	3 ml	6 ml	2-8°C180 天
显色底物 B	3 ml	6 ml	2-8°C180 天
终止液	3 ml	6 ml	2-8°C180 天
20×洗液	15 ml	25 ml	2-8°C180 天
封板膜	2 张	2 张	
说明书	1 份	1 份	
自封袋	1 个	1 个	

校准品浓度依次为: 10、5、2.5、1.25、0.625、0.312 ng/mL。

注意: 1: 使用前请检查试剂盒中试剂的标签和数量与表格是否

一致。

- 2: 如果试剂盒的组份需要再次使用,请确保上一次使用之后没有被污染。
- 3: 酶标板单次未使用完,要谨记密封放到 2-8℃保存。

### 试验所需自备试验器材(不提供,但可协助购买)

1) 能够检测 450 nm 吸光度的酶标仪 2)

移液器及枪头、加样槽 3)37℃恒温箱或

水浴锅 4) 准备试剂用的试管、离心管、

量筒等 5) 蒸馏水或去离子水

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6) 涡旋振荡器、微孔板振荡器

注意事项 1)仅供科研使用,不得用于临 床诊断。

- 2) 在试剂盒标示的有效期内使用,过期产品不得使用。
- 3) 跟其他厂家的试剂盒或者组分不能混用,使用试剂盒配套的样品稀释液。
- 4) 如果样本值高于最高标准品浓度值,请将样本适当稀释后,再重新测定。
- 5) 待测样本中存在的人抗鼠等异嗜抗体会干扰检测结果,检测前,请排出该因素。
- 6) 通过其他方法得到的检测结果,与本试剂盒测定结果不具有直接的可比性。
- 7) Please wear a lab coat and latex gloves for protection during the test. Especially when testing blood or other body fluid samples, please follow the national biological laboratory safety protection regulations.
- 8) Carry out incubation strictly according to the specified time and temperature to ensure accurate results. All reagents must reach room temperature 20-25°C before use. Store reagents refrigerated immediately after use.
- 9) Improper plate washing can lead to inaccurate results. Make sure to absorb as much liquid as possible from the wells before adding substrate. Do not allow the microwells to dry out during incubation.
- 10) Eliminate residual liquid and fingerprints on the bottom of the plate, otherwise it will affect the OD value.
- 11) The substrate chromogenic solution should be colorless or very light in color.
- 12) Avoid cross-contamination of reagents and specimens to avoid erroneous results.
- 13) Avoid direct exposure to strong light during storage and incubation.

- 14) The microplate reader used for detection needs to be equipped with a filter capable of detecting a wavelength of 450±10nm, and the optical density range is between 0-3.5. It is recommended to preheat 15 minutes in advance before use.
- 15) The EP tubes and tips used in the test are single-use and are strictly prohibited from mixing.



### Sample preparation and storage

The following lists only general guidelines for sample collection and preservation. During the collection and storage of all samples, sodium azide shall not be used as a preservative. If the sample is not analyzed immediately, it should be aliquoted and stored frozen, and repeated freezing and thawing should be avoided.

Cell culture supernatant - centrifuge to remove precipitate, analyze immediately or aliquot and store frozen at -20°C.

Serum - Collect blood in a clean test tube, coagulate at room temperature for 30 minutes, centrifuge at 2000×g for 20 minutes, and collect serum. Analyze immediately or aliquot and store frozen at -20°C.

Plasma—anticoagulate with heparin, citrate, or EDTA, and centrifuge at 2000×g for 20 minutes at 2-8°C within 30 minutes of blood draw. To eliminate the influence of platelets, it is recommended to further centrifuge at 10,000 × g for 10 minutes at 2-8°C. Analyze immediately or aliquot and store frozen at -20°C.

Cell lysis buffer - For adherent cells, remove the culture medium and wash with PBS, normal saline or serum-free culture medium. Add an appropriate amount of lysis solution and pipet several times with a gun to fully contact the lysate and cells. Typically after 10 seconds, cells are lysed. For suspended cells, collect the cells by centrifugation and wash them with PBS, physiological saline or serum-free culture medium. Add an appropriate amount of lysis solution, blow the cells with a gun, and flick them with your fingers to fully lyse the cells. After full lysis, centrifuge at 10000-14000×g for 3-5 minutes and take the supernatant. Analyze immediately or aliquot and store frozen at -20°C.

Tissue homogenate - rinse the tissue with pre-cooled PBS (0.01M, pH=7.4) to remove residual blood (lysed red blood cells in the homogenate will affect the measurement results), weigh and cut the tissue into pieces. Mix the minced tissue with the corresponding volume of PBS (generally

according to the weight volume ratio of 1:9, for example, 1g of tissue sample corresponds to 9mL of PBS). The specific volume can be adjusted appropriately according to the experimental needs and recorded. It is recommended to add Protease inhibitor) was added to a glass homogenizer and ground thoroughly on ice. In order to further lyse tissue cells, the homogenate can be sonicated or frozen and thawed repeatedly. Finally, centrifuge the homogenate at 5000 × g for 5 to 10 minutes, and take the supernatant for detection.

Urine - Collect in sterile tubes and centrifuge at 2000×g for 20 minutes. Carefully collect the supernatant. If a precipitate forms, centrifuge again.

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Reagent preparation 1. Before use, all components must be rewarmed for at least 60 minutes to ensure sufficient rewarming to room temperature.

2. Concentrated washing liquid: The concentrated washing liquid taken out from the refrigerator will produce crystals. This is a normal phenomenon. Heating in a water bath will completely dissolve the crystals. Concentrated detergent and distilled water, dilute 1:20, that is, 1 part of concentrated detergent, add 19 parts of distilled water. 3. Substrate: Substrate solutions A and B, mix thoroughly at a volume of 1:1 before use, and use within 15 minutes after mixing.

Operating procedures: Return all reagents and components to room temperature first. For standards, quality control materials and samples, it is recommended to make duplicate holes.

- 1. Prepare the working solutions of various components of the kit according to the method described in the previous instructions.
- 2. Take out the required slats from the aluminum foil bag, seal the remaining slats in a ziplock bag and return it to the refrigerator.
- 3. Set up standard wells, 0-value wells, blank wells and sample wells. Add 50  $\mu L$  of standards of different concentrations to each of the standard wells. Add 50  $\mu L$  of sample diluent to the 0-value well. Do not add any to the blank well. Add 50  $\mu L$  of the sample to be tested to the sample well. .
- 4. In addition to the blank wells, add  $100~\mu L$  of horseradish peroxidase (HRP)-labeled detection antibody to the standard wells, 0 value wells and sample wells.
- 5. Cover the reaction plate with sealing film and incubate in a 37°C water bath or incubator in the dark for 60 minutes.
- 6. Uncover the sealing film, discard the liquid, pat dry on absorbent paper, fill each well with washing liquid, let it stand for 20 seconds, shake off the washing liquid, pat dry on absorbent paper, repeat this 5

times. If you use an automatic plate washer, please wash the plate according to the operating procedures of the plate washer. Adding a soaking program for 30 seconds can improve the detection accuracy. After washing the plate and before adding substrate, pat the reaction plate dry on clean, lint-free paper. (Tip: In order to obtain ideal experimental results, the residual liquid must be completely removed. After washing the plate, please proceed to the next step immediately and do not let the microplate dry.) 7. Mix substrates A and B at a volume of 1:1 Mix thoroughly and add 100 µL of substrate mixture to all wells. Cover the reaction plate with sealing film and incubate in a 37°C water bath or incubator in the dark for

8. Add 50  $\mu$ L of stop solution to all wells, and read the absorbance (OD value) of each well on a 450nm wavelength microplate reader.

15 minutes.

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## [Operation flow chart]



 对应板孔中加入50µL标准品工作液或 样本后,立即每孔加入100ulHRP酶标 抗体工作液,37℃解育60分钟



2. 弃掉板内液体, 洗板5次



3. 每孔加入底物A溶液50ul,底物B溶液50ul



4. 每孔加入50µL终止液



5. 立即在450nm波长下读数,处理数据

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#### **Result calculation**

9. Use the concentration of the standard substance as the abscissa and the corresponding absorbance (OD value) as the ordinate. Use computer software and four-parameter Logistic curve fitting (4-pl) to create a standard curve equation. Through the absorbance (OD value) of the sample value), use the equation to calculate the concentration value of the sample. [Calculate using ELISA Calc software. It is recommended to use four-parameter fitting for the standard curve, but it is not the only fitting method] 10. If the sample is diluted, the concentration value measured by the above method must be multiplied by the dilution factor to determine the final value of the sample. concentration. Note: Experimenters need to establish a standard curve based on their own experiments. For each test, a standard curve must be established for each enzyme plate. The following curves are for reference only!



(Schematic diagram of the music, for reference only)



[Problem Analysis] If the experimental results are not good, please take pictures of the color development results in time, save the experimental data, keep the used strips and unused reagents, and then contact our company's technical support to solve the problem for you. At the same time, you can also refer to the following information:

[Questions and Answers]

Problem description	Possible reasons	Corresponding countermeasures Corresponding countermeasures
	Incorrect liquid aspiration or	Check pipettes and tips
standard curve gradient difference	平衡时间太短	保证充足的平衡时间
	洗涤不完全	保证洗涤时间和洗涤次数及每孔的 加液量
	孵育时间太短	保证充足的孵育时间
	实验温度不正确	使用推荐的实验温度
显色很弱或无色	试剂体积不够或漏加	检查吸液及加液过程,保证所
	稀释不正确	有试剂按顺 序足量添加
	酶标记物失活或底物失效	混合酶结合物和底物,通过迅 速显色来检 查判断
<b>注料料</b>		在酶标仪上检查波长及滤光片设
读数数值低	酶标仪设置不正确 	提前打开酶标仪预热
变异系数大	加液不正确	检查加液情况
	检测抗体的工作浓度过高	使用推荐的稀释倍数
背景值高	酶标板洗涤不完全	保证每步清洗完全;如果用自 动洗板机,请检查所有的出口 是否有堵塞;是否使用试剂盒 配备的洗涤液
	洗液有污染	配制新鲜的洗液
灵敏度低	ELISA 试剂盒保存不当	按说明书要求保存相关试剂
	读数前未终止	OD 读数前应在每孔中加入终止

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### 声明

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- 3. 最终的实验结果与试剂的有效性、实验者的相关操作以及当时的实验环境等因素密切相关,本公司只对试剂盒本身负责,不对因使用试剂盒所造成的样本消耗负责,请使用者使用前充分考虑到样本可能的使用量,预留充足的样本。
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- 6. 即使是相同人员操作也可能在两次独立实验中得到不同的结果,为保证结果的重现性,需要控制实验过程中每一步的操作。
- 7. 试剂盒发货前会经过严格的质检,然而,因为运输条件、实验设备差异等等因素影响,用户检测结果可能跟出厂数据不一致。
- 8. 本试剂盒未与其他厂家同类试剂盒或不同方法检测同一目的物的产品进行对比,所以不排除检测结果不一致的情况。
- 9. The kit is for research use only. If it is used for clinical diagnosis or any other purpose, our company will not be responsible for any problems arising therefrom, nor will we assume any legal liability.