(For scientific research use only, not for clinical diagnosis!)

Rat 8-Hydroxydeoxyguanosine (8-OHdG)

ELISA Kit Instructions for Use Specifications:

48T/96T

Please read the instructions carefully before use. If you have any questions, please contact us through the following methods: Official hotline: 025-5229-8998 Sales department phone: 13914481711 Technical phone: 15950492658 Contact email: 3224949330@qq.com Company website: www.byabscience.cn For specific shelf life, please see the reagents Box packaging label. Please use the kit within the shelf life.

When contacting us, please provide the product number and production date (see box label) so that we can serve you more efficiently.

Nanjing BYabscience technology Co.,Ltd

Website: www.byabscience.cn **Official hotline: 025-5229-8998** **Supervision phone number:**

Kit performance Detection range: 3 ng/mL- 48 ng/mL.

Sensitivity: The lowest detectable dose is less than 0.1 ng/mL.

Precision: intra-batch variation coefficient CV% is less than 10%; inter-batch variation coefficient CV% is less than 15%.

Recovery rate: The recovery rate is between 85%-115%.

Specificity: This kit recognizes native and recombinant rat 8-hydroxydeoxyguanosine (8-OHdG) and has no crossover with structural analogs. Stability: Stored at 2℃-8℃, validity period is 6 months.

Purpose: Used to detect the concentration of rat 8-hydroxydeoxyguanosine (8-OHdG) in samples such as serum, plasma, cell culture supernatant, and tissue.

Shelf life: Stored at 2℃-8℃, valid for 6 months.

Experimental principle

The kit uses enzyme-linked immunoassay method. Biotin-labeled 8-OHdG is used, and the purified anti-8-OHdG antibody is coated on the microwell plate. In a competitive inhibition reaction, a certain amount of solid-phase antibody is combined with biotin-labeled 8-OHdG and non-labeled antigen (calibrator or specimen) To inhibit the competition reaction, the amount of antibody binding to biotin-labeled 8-OHdG is inhibited by the amount of non-labeled antigen. The greater the amount of non-labeled antigen, the less the antibody will bind to biotin-labeled 8-OHdG, and vice versa; the reaction is balanced. Finally, a solid-phase antibody-biotinylated 8-OHdG is formed, and then enzyme-labeled avidin is added to form a solid-phase antibody-biotinylated 8-OHdG-enzyme-labeled-avidin complex. After adding substrate for color development, use a microplate reader to measure the absorbance (OD

value) at a wavelength of 450 nm. As the 8-OHdG concentration increases, the OD value gradually decreases with a good linear relationship. This kit has the characteristics of high sensitivity, strong specificity, good repeatability, simple and rapid operation, and has reliable detection performance for the reduction or increase of 8-OHdG in serum.

Kit components and storage: Store unopened kits at 2-8 degrees Celsius. Do not use expired kits.

Components	**48-well configuration**	**96-well configuration**	Store after opening
Pre-coated enzyme plate	48T	96T	**2-8℃14 days**
Standard product	0.3mL*6 tubes	0.3mL*6 tubes	**2-8℃14 days**
sample diluent	3ml	6ml	2-8℃180 days
biotinylated antigen	3ml	6ml	**2-8℃14 days**
HRP labeled avidin	3ml	6ml	2-8℃180 days
Chromogenic substrate A	3ml	6ml	2-8℃180 days
Chromogenic substrate B	3ml	6ml	2-8℃180 days
stop solution	3ml	6ml	2-8℃180 days
20×Lotion	15ml	25ml	2-8℃180 days
sealing film	2 sheets	2 sheets	
manual	1 serving	1 serving	
Ziplock bag	1	1	

The concentrations of calibrators are: 48, 24, 12, 6, 3, and 0 ng/mL.

Note: 1: Before use, please check whether the label and quantity of the reagents in the kit are consistent with the table.

2: If the components of the kit need to be used again, please ensure that they have not been contaminated since the last use. 3: If the enzyme plate is not used up in a single time, remember to seal it and store it at 2-8°C.

Prepare your own test equipment required for the test (not provided, but can assist in

1) Microplate reader capable of detecting absorbance at 450 nm 2) Pipette, pipette tip, and sample addition tank 3) 37°C incubator or water bath 4) Test tubes, centrifuge tubes, measuring cylinders, etc. for preparing reagents 5) Distilled water or deionized water Ionized water

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6) Vortex oscillator and microplate oscillator.

Notes: 1) For scientific research use only,

not for clinical diagnosis.

2) Use within the validity period marked on the kit. Expired products must not be used.

3) Do not mix with kits or components from other manufacturers. Use the sample diluent provided with the kit.

4) If the sample value is higher than the highest standard concentration value, please dilute the sample appropriately and then re-measure.

5) Human anti-mouse and other heterophilic antibodies present in the sample to be tested will interfere with the test results. Please eliminate this factor before testing.

6) The test results obtained by other methods are not directly comparable to the test results of this kit.

7) 试验中请穿着实验服并戴乳胶手套做好防护工作。特别是检测血液或者其他体液样品时，请按国家生物试验室安全防护条例执行。

8) 严格按照规定的时间和温度进行温育以保证准确结果。所有试剂都必须在使用前达到室温 20-25℃。使用后立即冷藏保存试剂。

9) 洗板不正确可以导致不准确的结果。在加入底物前确保尽量吸干孔内液体。温育过程中不要让微孔干燥掉。

10) 消除板底残留的液体和手指印，否则影响 OD 值。

11）底物显色液应呈无色或很浅的颜色。

12）避免试剂和标本的交叉污染以免造成错误结果。

13）在储存和温育时避免强光直接照射。

14）检测使用的酶标仪需要安装能检测 450±10nm 波长的滤光片，光密度范围在 0-3.5 之间。建议使用时提前 15 分钟预热。

15）试验中所用的 EP 管和吸头均为一次性使用，严禁混用。

样品的准备和保存

以下只是列出样品采集和保存的一般指南。所有样本采集保存过程中，不得使用叠氮钠做为防腐剂。样品如果不立即分析，应分装后冷冻保存，且避免反复冻融。

细胞培养上清——离心去除沉淀，立即分析或分装后-20℃冷冻保存。

血清——用干净试管收集血液，室温凝固 30 分钟，离心 2000×g 20 分钟，收集血清。立即 分析或分装后-20℃冷冻保存。

血浆——采用肝素、柠檬酸盐或 EDTA 抗凝，抽血后 30 分钟内在 2-8℃离心 2000×g 20 分钟。为消除血小板的影响，建议在 2-8℃进一步离心 10000×g 10 分钟。立即分析或分装后-20℃冷冻保存。

细胞裂解液——对于贴壁细胞，去除培养液，用 PBS、生理盐水或无血清培养液洗一遍。加入适量裂解液，用枪吹打数下，使裂解液和细胞充分接触。通常 10 秒后，细胞就会被裂解。对于悬浮细胞，离心收集细胞，用 PBS、生理盐水或无血清培养液洗一遍。加入适量裂解液，用枪吹打把细胞吹散，用手指轻弹以充分裂解细胞。充分裂解后，10000—14000×g 离心 3-5 分钟， 取上清。立即分析或分装后-20℃冷冻保存。

组织匀浆——用预冷的 PBS (0.01M, pH=7.4)冲洗组织，去除残留血液（匀浆中裂解的红细胞会影响测量结果），称重后将组织剪碎。将剪碎的组织与对应体积的 PBS（一般按 1:9 的重量体积比，比如 1g 的组织样品对应 9mL 的 PBS，具体体积可根据实验需要适当调整，并做好记录。推荐在 PBS 中加入蛋白酶抑制剂）加入玻璃匀浆器中，于冰上充分研磨。为了进一步裂解 组织细胞，可以对匀浆液进行超声破碎，或反复冻融。最后将匀浆液于 5000×g 离心 5~10 分 钟，取上清检测。

尿液——用无菌管收集，离心 2000×g 20 分钟。仔细收集上清。如有沉淀形成，应再次离心。

试剂准备 1、使用前，所有的组分都要至少复温 60min，确保充分复温到室温。

2、浓缩洗涤液：从冰箱取出的浓缩洗涤液，会有结晶产生，这属于正常现象，水浴加热使结晶完全溶解。浓缩洗涤液与蒸馏水，按 1:20 稀释，即 1 份的浓缩洗涤液，添加 19 份的蒸馏水。

操作程序 所有试剂和组分都先恢复到室温，标准品、质控品和样品，建议做复孔。

1、按前面说明书描述的方法，配制好试剂盒各种组分的工作液。

2、从铝箔袋中取出所需板条，剩余的板条用自封袋密封放回冰箱。

3、将预包被板从密封袋中取出，设一个空白对照孔，不加任何液体；每个校准品设 2 孔，每孔加入对应校准品 50μl；其余每个检测孔直接加待测血清或质控品 50μl。

4、除空白孔外所有孔加入生物素化抗原 50μl，混匀，贴上封板膜，置 37℃温育 60 分钟。

5、手工洗板：弃去孔内液体，洗涤液注满各孔，静置 10 秒甩干，重复 3 次后拍干。洗板机洗板：选择洗涤 3 次程序洗板后拍干。

（提示：为获得理想的实验结果，必须彻底移除残留液体。洗板完成之后，请立即进行下步操作，不要让微孔板干燥。）6、每孔加入酶标亲和素 50μl（空白对照孔除外），混匀，贴上封板膜，置 37℃温育 30 分钟。

7、手工洗板：弃去孔内液体，洗涤液注满各孔，静置 10 秒甩干，重复 3 次后拍干。洗板机洗板：选择洗涤 3 次程序洗板后拍干。

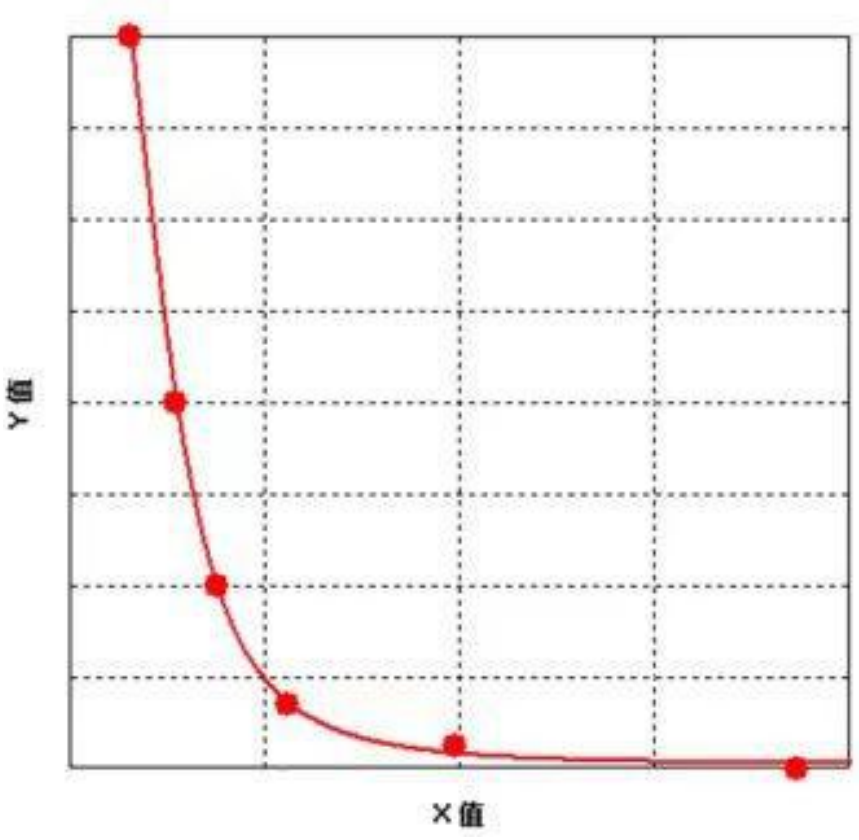
8. Add 50 μl of chromogen A and 50 μl of chromogen B to each well. After shaking and mixing, place at 37°C to develop color in the dark for 15 minutes. Add 50 μl of stop solution to each well.

9. Use a microplate reader to read, take the wavelength of 450nm, first use the blank control well to adjust the zero point, and then measure the optical density value (OD value) of each well.

Result calculation

9. Use the concentration of the standard substance as the abscissa and the corresponding absorbance (OD value) as the ordinate. Use computer software and four-parameter Logistic curve fitting (4-pl) to create a standard curve equation. Through the absorbance (OD value) of the sample value), use the equation to calculate the concentration value of the sample. [Calculation using ELISA Calc software]

10. If the sample is diluted, the concentration value measured by the above method must be multiplied by the dilution factor to obtain the final concentration of the sample. Note: Experimenters need to establish a standard curve based on their own experiments. For each test, a standard curve must be established for each enzyme plate. The following curves are for reference only!



(Schematic diagram of the music, for reference only)

[Problem Analysis] If the experimental results are not good, please take pictures of the color development results in time, save the experimental data, keep the used strips and unused reagents, and then contact our company's technical support to solve the problem for you. At the same time, you can also refer to the following information:

[Questions and Answers]

Problem description	Possible reasons	Corresponding countermeasures Corresponding countermeasures
standard curve gradient difference	Incorrect liquid aspiration or	Check pipettes and tips
	Equilibration time is too short	Ensure sufficient balancing time
	Incomplete washing	Ensure the washing time and number of washings and the amount of liquid
Very weak or colorless	Incubation time too short	Ensure adequate incubation time
	The experimental temperature is incorrect	Use recommended experimental temperatures
	Insufficient reagent volume or missing addition	Check the liquid aspirating and adding process to ensure that all reagents are added in order and in
	Incorrect dilution	
	Enzyme label inactivation or substrate failure	Mix enzyme conjugate and substrate and check by rapid color development
Reading value is low	Microplate reader settings are incorrect	Check the wavelength and filter
		Turn on the microplate reader and preheat it in advance
Large coefficient of variation	Adding fluid incorrectly	Check the filling situation
High background value	The working concentration of the	Use the recommended dilution
	Incomplete washing of enzyme plate	Ensure that each step of cleaning is complete; if using an automatic plate washer, please check whether all outlets are blocked;
	The lotion is contaminated	Prepare fresh lotion
Low sensitivity	Improper storage of ELISA kits	Store relevant reagents according to
	Not terminated before reading	Stop solution should be added to